Situation	ys: When to give addition Change to usual	Length of	When to get help?
	steroid dose	change	3
Minor Illness			
Mild cold / runny nose with no	No change		
fever. Minor playground bumps			
and bruises			
Moderate or severe illness	6:11		
Fever, flu, infection, childhood illnesses (usually not well enough	Sick day doses required		
to go to school)			
10 go 10 3011001)	Sick day doses required		
Vomiting or diarrhoea	Sick day doses required	For as long	Contact GP or
	If sick day dose	as the illness	medical team if not
	tolerated (kept down	lasts	improving after 24-4
	for at least 30 minutes		hours
	with no frequent		
	diarrhoea or vomiting),		
	then continue oral sick		
	day dosing		
		If sick day dose not tolerated,	
	give IM hydrocortisone i	-	If an IM injection of
Drowsy and unresponsive	Give IM hydrocortisone	hydrocortisone is required, then dial 999 and inform them	
Major trauma or savora shook	Give IM hydrocerticens injection		
Major trauma or severe shock (e.g., suspected fracture, road	Give IM hydrocortisone injection		that the patient is
traffic accident, head injury with			having an adrenal
loss of consciousness).			crisis
Other (discuss with medical tea	m)		
Routine or travel vaccinations	Consider 1 or 2 doses of sick day steroids. Continue if		
	symptomatic	, ,	
Long haul flight	Give usual morning dose	at 6 to 8 hourly	intervals
Child or centre specific		•	
recommendations			
Surgical and dental procedures			
Minor surgery	Sick day dose prior to	Continue	Inform medical staff
(e.g., dental extraction under	procedure	sick day	including dentist and
local anaesthetic)	Return to usual dose	doses for up	anaesthetist that
•	immediately	to 24 hours	you/your child have
	afterwards	if in pain or	adrenal insufficiency
		unwell	and take steroids
Major surgery	Sick day steroids (oral	As per local	
(e.g., operation requiring general	or IV) on day of	policy or	
anaesthetic)	procedure even when	contact	
	fasting. Intravenous	treatment	
	hydrocortisone given	centre for	
	on induction as per	advice	
	local hospital protocol	1	1



British Society for Paediatric Endocrinology and Diabetes: Adrenal Insufficiency Card

PAEDIATRIC STEROID CARE PLAN FOR SICK DAYS AND EMERGENCIES

IMPORTANT MEDICAL INFORMATION FOR PARENTS/CARERS & HEALTHCARE STAFF

This patient has adrenal insufficiency and is steroid dependent. Steroids should never be missed. Any stress situation, such as illness or surgery will require additional treatment

Name	Address
DOB	
NHS / CHI Number	
GP Contact Details	Next of Kin Contact Details
Paediatric Lead Consultant & Hospital	Paediatric Endocrine Team Contact Details
Diagnosis	Date of issue

Print double sided and 'flip pages short edge'.

BSPED AI Card.v1.4 Nov 2022

1

Steroid Treatment Regimen				
Medication (and preparation) e.g., Hydrocortisone (10mg tablet)	Time e.g., 6am	Dose e.g., 5mg (half a tablet)		

Oral sick day steroid treatment regimen in the event of an illness (See back page for more information on when this is required)				
Medication (and preparation)	Time	Dose		
If patient takes fludrocortisone, no change in dose is necessary				

Emergency Steroid Injection

If they show no sign of improvement, have persistent vomiting or diarrhoea, become drowsy or unresponsive, or has had a major accident or injury give intramuscular (IM) injection of hydrocortisone immediately

Age less than 1-year: 25mg

Age 1 to 5 years: 50mg

Age 6 years and over: 100mg

2

Dial 999 stating they are having an ADRENAL CRISIS; they should be taken to the nearest A&E without delay

Important information for medical emergency teams

If this patient is unwell and brought to hospital, the following management should be instituted promptly:

1. Administer Emergency IM/IV hydrocortisone

Age less than 1-year 25mg Age 1 to 5 years 50mg Age 6 years and over 100mg

(Check if this has been given by parent, caregiver, or ambulance crew)

- 2. Check blood glucose. Give 2ml/kg 10% dextrose IV if glucoses <3mmol/L
- 3. If circulation is compromised, give 10 ml/kg 0.9% saline bolus
- 4. Obtain U&E & start IV fluids 0.9% Saline/5% dextrose at a maintenance rate
- 5. Ongoing hydrocortisone doses:
 - Continue with IV hydrocortisone 2mg/kg (max 100mg) every 4-6 hours (or hydrocortisone infusion if very unwell).
 - Once stable, the IV bolus dose of hydrocortisone is 1mg/kg (max 50mg) every 6 hours.
 - For neonates (< 28 days) the IV bolus dose of hydrocortisone is 4mg/kg every 4-6 hours. Once stable the IV bolus dose is 2mg/kg every 6 hours.
 - Please refer to BSPED guidance for full details.
- 6. Once tolerating oral fluids, swap to oral sick day dosing until back to normal self (usually 2-3 days of sick day dosing).

Important: Please observe until patient is tolerating oral steroids at sick day dosing. Contact your acute paediatric or paediatric endocrine team if admission is required.

If the patient needs a **general anaesthetic or surgery,** please contact the paediatric endocrine team for a perioperative plan.

The recommended doses for hydrocortisone can also be found on the BSPED website below.

For further information scan the **QR code** or visit **website** to see BSPED guidance:

https://www.bsped.org.uk/adrenal-insufficiency



BSPED AI Card.v1.4 Nov 2022 3